EUROPEAN UNION **Export Health Certificate**

Part I : Details of consignment

I.1. Consignor
Name
Address
Country ISO Code

I.2. IMSOC Reference
I.2.a. Local Reference

I.5. Consignee
Name
Address
Country ISO Code

I.3. Central competent authority
I.4. Local competent authority

I.7. Country of origin ISO Code

I.9. Country of destination ISO Code

I.8. Region of origin Code

~~I.10. Region of destination~~

I.11. Place of Dispatch
Name
Address
Approval Number
Country ISO Code

I.12. Place of destination
Name
Address
Approval Number
Country ISO Code

I.13. Place of Loading
Name
Address
Approval Number
Country ISO Code

I.14. Date and time of departure

I.15. Means of Transport

Mode	International transport document	Identification

I.16 Entry Point

I.18. Transport conditions
Ambient ☐ Controlled temperature ☐ Frozen ☐ Chilled ☐

I.17. Accompanying documents
Commercial document reference Date of issue
Country Place of issue

I.19. Container No / Seal No

I.20. Certified as
Artificial reproduction ☐ Breeding ☐

I.21. For transit through a third country ☐
Country ISO Code
EU Exit Authority BCP code
EU Entry Authority BCP code

I.22. For transit through Member State(s) ☐
Country ISO Code

I.24. Total quantity

I.25. Total gross weight

I.28. Description of consignment

1. 05 PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN, NOT ELSEWHERE SPECIFIED OR INCLUDED
0511 Animal products not elsewhere specified or included; dead animals of Chapter|1|or 3, unfit for human consumption
051199 Other
05119985 Other

Commodity	Species	Identification number	Identification mark	Nature of commodity

Quantity	Date of collection/production	Manufacturing plant

Part II: Certification

II. Health information

I, the undersigned, official veterinarian of (exporting country)(2) certify that:

II.1. The embryos to be exported:

II.1.1. were produced in the exporting country, which according to official findings:

II.1.1.1. was free from rinderpest during the 12 months immediately prior to their production;

(1)either ○ [II.1.1.2. was free from foot-and-mouth disease and lumpy skin disease during the 12 months immediately prior to their production and did not carry out vaccination against foot-and-mouth disease or lumpy skin disease during that period.)

(1)or ○ [II.1.1.2. was not free from foot-and-mouth disease or lumpy skin disease during the 12 months immediately prior to their production or carried out vaccination against foot-and-mouth disease or lumpy skin disease during that period, and

- The embryos were produced without penetration of the zona pellucida,
- The embryos were stored under approved conditions for at least 30 days immediately after their production,
- The donor females come from holdings on which no animal was vaccinated against foot-and-mouth disease or lumpy skin disease during the 30 days prior to collection and no animal of a susceptible species showed clinical signs of foot-and-mouth disease or lumpy skin disease during the 30 days prior to, and at least the 30 days after, the embryos were collected.]

II.1.2 were collected by the embryo collection team (3) which:

- has been approved in accordance with Chapter I of Annex A to Directive 89/556/EEC;
- carried out the production, processing, storing and transport in accordance with Chapter II of Annex A to Directive 89/556/EEC;
- is subject to inspection by an official veterinarian at least twice a year.

II.2 The oocytes used in the production of the embryos to be exported were collected on premises situated in an area of at least 10 km radius centred on them, on which according to official findings there was no occurrence of foot-and-mouth disease, epizootic haemorrhagic disease, vesicular stomatitis, Rift Valley fever, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia or lumpy skin disease in the 30 days immediately prior to their collection and until their dispatch to Great Britain, in the case of fresh embryos, or during the 30 days after collection, in the case of embryos subject to mandatory storage for at least 30 days in accordance with point II.1.1.2.

II.3 From the time of collection of the oocytes until 30 days thereafter or, in the case of fresh embryos, until the day of their dispatch, the embryos to be exported were stored on premises situated in an area of at least 10 km radius centred on them, on which according to official findings there was no occurrence of foot-and-mouth disease, vesicular stomatitis, Rift Valley fever, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia or lumpy skin disease.

II.4 The donors of oocytes used in the production of the embryos to be exported:

II.4.1 were located, during the 30 days immediately prior to collection of the oocytes, on premises situated in an area of at least 10-km radius on which, according to official findings, there was no occurrence of foot-and-mouth disease, bluetongue, epizootic haemorrhagic disease, vesicular stomatitis, Rift Valley fever, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia or lumpy skin disease;

II.4.2 showed no clinical signs of disease on the day of collection;

II.4.3 spent the six months immediately prior to collection within the territory of the exporting country in no more than two herds:

- which, according to official findings, were free from tuberculosis during that time,
- which, according to official findings, were free from brucellosis during that time,
- which were free from enzootic bovine leukosis or in which no bovine animal showed clinical signs of enzootic bovine leukosis during the previous three years,
- in which no bovine animal showed clinical signs of infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pustular vulvo-vaginitis during the previous 12 months;

Part II: Certification

II. Health information

(1)either ○ [II.4.4 were kept in a bluetongue virus-free country or zone for at least 60 days prior to, and during, collection of the oocytes.]

(1)or ○ [II.4.4 were kept during a seasonally free period or protected from the vector for at least 60 days prior to, and during, the collection of the oocytes, and the embryos were produced without penetration of the zona pellucida, except if the donors underwent a serological test to detect antibodies to the bluetongue virus group, carried out in accordance with the World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH (formerly OIE) Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals between 21 and 60 days after collection and giving negative results and the embryos were stored for at least 30 days.]

(1)or ○ [II.4.4 underwent a serological test to detect antibodies to the bluetongue virus group, carried out in accordance with the World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH (formerly OIE) Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals between 21 and 60 days after collection and giving negative results, and the embryos were stored for at least 30 days.]

(1)or ○ [II.4.4 underwent an agent identification test, carried out in accordance with the World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH (formerly OIE) Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals on a blood sample taken on the day of collection or the day of slaughtering and giving negative results – the embryos having been produced, in the latter case, without penetration of the zona pellucida.]

II.5 The embryos to be exported were conceived by in vitro fertilisation using semen coming from semen collection or storage centres (4):

(1)either ○ [II.5.1 approved in accordance with Article 5(1) of Directive 88/407/EEC and located in a Great Britain, and the semen complies with the requirements of Directive 88/407/EEC.]

(1) (5)or ○ [II.5.1 approved in accordance with Article 9(1) of Directive 88/407/EEC and located in a third country or part thereof listed in a document relating to ‘bovine semen’ published on gov.uk, in accordance with Decision 2011/630/EU, and the semen complies with the requirements set out in section A of Part 1 of Annex 2 to that Decision.]

Notes

References to European Union legislation within this certificate are references to direct EU legislation which has been retained in Great Britain (retained EU law as defined in the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018) and can be viewed on the UK legislation website (legislation.gov.uk).

References to Great Britain in this certificate include Channel Islands and Isle of Man.

Part I:

Box reference I.6: Person responsible for the load in Great Britain: this box is to be filled in only if it is a certificate for transit commodity.

Box reference I.11: Place of origin shall correspond to the embryo collection team from which the embryos are dispatched to Great Britain and which is listed in accordance with Article 8(2) of Directive 89/556/EEC.

Box reference I.22: Number of packages shall correspond to the number of containers.

Box reference I.23: Identification of container and seal number shall be indicated.

Box reference I.26: Fill in according to whether it is a transit or an import certificate.

Box reference I.27: Fill in according to whether it is a transit or an import certificate.

Box reference I.28: Species: select amongst ‘Bos taurus’, ‘Bison bison’ or ‘Bubalus bubalis’ as appropriate.

Part II: Certification

II. Health information

Category: select ‘in vivo derived embryos’.

Dam identity shall correspond to the official identification of the animal.

Sire identity shall correspond to the official identification of the animal.

Date of freezing shall be indicated in the following format: dd.mm.yyyy

Approval number of the team: shall correspond to the embryo production team by which the embryos were produced, processed and stored; and listed in accordance with Article 8(2) of Directive 89/556/EEC

Part II:

(1) Delete as appropriate.

(2) Only third countries listed in a document relating to ‘bovine embryos’ published on gov.uk, in accordance with Decision 2006/168/EC.(5)

(3) Only embryo production teams listed in accordance with Article 8(2) of Directive 89/556/EEC.

(4) Only semen collection centres listed in accordance with Article 5(2) and Article 9(2) of Directive 88/407/EEC.

(5) Documents relating to ‘bovine semen’ and ‘bovine embryos’ published by the Secretary of State, with the consent of the Scottish and Welsh Ministers, may be found here:

EU and EFTA states approved to export animals and animal products to Great Britain - data.gov.uk

Non-EU countries approved to export animals and animal products to Great Britain - data.gov.uks

The signature and the stamp must be in a different colour to that of the printing.

Certifying Officer

Name (in capital letters)

Qualification and title

Date of signature

Signature

Stamp