Part I : Details of consignment

I.1. Consignor
Name
Address
Country ISO Code

I.2. IMSOC Reference
I.2.a. Local Reference

I.5. Consignee
Name
Address
Country ISO Code

I.3. Central competent authority
I.4. Local competent authority

I.7. Country of origin ISO Code

I.9. Country of destination ISO Code

I.8. Region of origin Code

~~I.10. Region of destination~~

I.11. Place of Dispatch
Name
Address
Approval Number
Country ISO Code

I.12. Place of destination
Name
Address
Approval Number
Country ISO Code

I.13. Place of Loading
Name
Address
Approval Number
Country ISO Code

I.14. Date and time of departure

I.15. Means of Transport

Mode	International transport document	Identification

I.16 Entry Point

I.18. Transport conditions
Frozen ☐ Chilled ☐ Ambient ☐ Controlled temperature ☐

I.17. Accompanying documents
Accompanying document reference Date of issue
Country Place of issue

I.19. Container No / Seal No

I.20. Certified as
Artificial reproduction ☐ Breeding ☐

I.21. For transit through a third country ☐
Country ISO Code
EU Exit Authority BCP code
EU Entry Authority BCP code

I.22. For transit through Member State(s) ☐
Country ISO Code

I.24. Total quantity

I.25. Total gross weight

I.28. Description of consignment

1. 05 PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN, NOT ELSEWHERE SPECIFIED OR INCLUDED
0511 Animal products not elsewhere specified or included; dead animals of Chapter|1|or 3, unfit for human consumption
051199 Other
05119985 Other

Commodity	Species	Identification number	Identification mark	Nature of commodity

Quantity	Date of collection/production	Manufacturing plant

Part II: Certification

II. Health information

I, the undersigned, official veterinarian, hereby certify that:

II.1. The exporting country (name of exporting country) (2)

II.1.1. has been free from rinderpest, peste des petits ruminants, sheep and goat pox, contagious caprine pleuropneumonia and Rift Valley fever during the 12 months immediately prior to collection of the ova(1)/embryos(1) to be exported and until their date of dispatch to Great Britain and no vaccination against these diseases took place during that period;

(1)either ○ [II.1.2. has been free from foot-and-mouth disease during the 12 months immediately prior to collection of the ova(1)/embryos(1) and did not carry out vaccination against foot-and-mouth disease during that period;]

(1)or ○ [II.1.2. has not been free from foot-and-mouth disease during the 12 months immediately prior to collection of the ova(1)/embryos(1) and/or carried out vaccination against foot-and-mouth disease during that period and the donor females come from holdings on which no animal was vaccinated against foot-and-mouth disease during 30 days prior to collection and no animal of susceptible species showed clinical signs of foot-and-mouth disease during the 30 days prior to, and at least 30 days after, the ova(1)/embryos(1) were collected and the ova(1)/embryos(1) were not subjected to penetration of zona pellucida;]

II.2. The ova(1)/embryos(1) to be exported:

II.2.1. were collected(1)/produced(1) and processed on premises within a 10-km radius of which there was no incidence of foot-and-mouth disease, vesicular stomatitis, Rift Valley fever in the 30 days immediately prior to their collection;

II.2.2. were stored at all times on approved premises within a 10-km radius of which there was no incidence of foot-and-mouth disease, vesicular stomatitis or Rift Valley fever from the time of their collection until 30 days thereafter;

II.2.3. were collected(1)/produced(1) by the team described in box I.11., which has been approved and supervised in accordance with the conditions for the approval and supervision of embryo collection teams and embryo production teams laid down in Chapter I(III)of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC;

II.2.4. meet the conditions for ova and embryos laid down in Chapter III(II) of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC

II.2.5. come from the donor females of ovine (1)/caprine(1) species which:

(1) either ○ [II.2.5.1. were kept in a bluetongue virus-free country or zone for at least 60 days prior to, and during collection of the ova(1)/embryos(1);]

(1) or ○ [II.2.5.1. were kept during a bluetongue virus seasonally free period in a seasonally free zone;]

(1) or ○ [II.2.5.1. were kept protected from the vector for at least 60 days prior to, and during the collection of the ova(1)/embryos (1);]

(1) or ○ [II.2.5.1. underwent a serological test for the detection of antibody to the bluetongue virus serogroup, carried out in accordance with the Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals between 21 and 60 days after collection of the ova(1)/embryos(1) and giving negative results;]

(1) or ○ [II.2.5.1. underwent an agent identification test for bluetongue virus, carried out in accordance with the Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals on a blood sample taken on the day of the ova(1)/embryos(1) collection or the day of slaughtering and giving negative results;]

II.2.5.2. to the best of my knowledge do not come from holdings and have not been in contact with animals of a holding, in which, based on the official notification system and according to the written declaration made by the owner, any of the following diseases has been clinically detected within the periods referred to in points (a) to (d) prior to collection of the ova(1)/embryos(1) to be exported:

(a) contagious agalactia of sheep or goats (Mycoplasma agalactiae, Mycoplasma capricolum, Mycoplasma mycoides var. mycoides ‘large colony’), within the last six months;

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(b) paratuberculosis and caseous lymphadenitis, within the last 12 months;

(c) pulmonary adenomatosis, within the last three years;

(1) either ○ [(d) Maedi Visna for sheep or caprine viral arthritis/encephalitis for goats, within the last three years;]

(1) or ○ [(d) Maedi Visna for sheep or caprine viral arthritis/encephalitis for goats, within the last 12 months, and all the infected animals were slaughtered and remaining animals subsequently reacted negatively to two tests carried out at least six months apart;]

II.2.5.3. showed no clinical signs of disease on the day of the ova(1)/embryos(1) collection;

(1)(4) either ○ [II.2.5.4. originate from the region described in Box I.8., which has been recognised as officially brucellosis (B. melitensis)-free, and]

(1) or ○ [II.2.5.4. have belonged to a holding which has obtained and maintained its officially brucellosis (B. melitensis)–free status in accordance with Directive 91/68/EEC, and]

(1) or ○ [II.2.5.4. originate from a holding, where in respect of brucellosis (B. melitensis) all susceptible animals have been free from any clinical or any signs of this disease for the last 12 months, none of the ovine and caprine animals have been vaccinated against this disease, save those vaccinated with Rev. 1 vaccine more than two years ago, and all ovine and caprine animals over six months of age have been subjected to at least two tests (3), carried out with negative results on samples taken on (date) and on (date) at least six months apart, the latter being within 30 days prior to collection of the ova(1)/embryos(1),]

and have not been kept previously in a holding of lower status;

(1) either ○ [II.2.5.5. have remained in the exporting country for at least the past six months prior to collection of the ova(1)/embryos(1) to be exported;]

(1) or ○ [II.2.5.5. during the past six months prior to collection of the ova(1)/embryos(1) they complied with the animal health conditions applying to donors of the ova/embryos(1)which are intended for export to the Great Britain, and they have been imported into the exporting country at least 30 days prior to the collection of the ova(1)/embryos(1) from (2);]

II.2.5.6. have been kept continuously since birth in a country where the following conditions are fulfilled:

II.2.5.6.1. classical scrapie is compulsorily notifiable;

II.2.5.6.2. an awareness, surveillance and monitoring system is in place;

II.2.5.6.3. ovine and caprine animals affected with classical scrapie are killed and completely destroyed;

II.2.5.6.4. the feeding to ovine and caprine animals of meat-and-bone meal or greaves of ruminant origin has been banned and effectively enforced in the whole country for a period of at least the last seven years;

(1) either ○ [II.2.5.7. have been kept continuously for the last three years before the collection of the embryos to be exported in a holding or holdings which has/have been complying for the last three years before the collection of the embryos to be exported with the requirements laid down in points (a) to (f) of point 1.3. of Section A of Chapter A of Annex 8 to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001;]

(1) or ○ [II.2.5.7. are ovine animals and the embryos

(1) either ○ [are of the ARR/ARR prion protein genotype;]

(1) or ○ [carry at least one ARR allele and were collected after the date of 1 January 2015;]]

☐ [II.2.6. were collected(1)/produced(1)in the exporting country,

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(1) either ○ [II.2.6.1. which according to official findings is free from epizootic haemorrhagic disease (EHD);]

(1)(5) or ○ [II.2.6.1. in which according to official findings the following serotypes of epizootic haemorrhagic disease (EHD) exist: and the donor females of ovine(1)/caprine(1) species were subjected with negative results in each case to the following tests carried out in an approved laboratory:

(1) either ○ [a serological test (6) for the detection of antibody to the EHD virus serogroup, carried out on samples of blood taken on two occasions not more than 12 months apart prior to and not less than 21 days following collection for this consignment of ova(1)/embryos(1);]

(1) or ○ [a serological test(6) for the detection of antibody to the EHD virus serogroup, carried out on samples of blood taken at intervals of not more than 60 days throughout the collection period and between 21 and 60 days after the final collection for this consignment of ova(1)/embryos(1);]

(1) or ○ [an agent identification test(6), carried out on samples of blood collected at commencement and conclusion of, and at least every 7 days, if carried out as virus isolation test, or at least every 28 days, if carried out as polymerase chain reaction, during collection for this consignment of ova(1)/embryos (1);]]]

II.2.7. were collected(1)/produced(1) after the date on which the embryo collection team was approved by the competent authority of the exporting country;

II.2.8. were processed and stored under approved conditions for at least 30 days immediately after their collection(1)/production(1) and transported under conditions for ova and embryos laid down in Chapter III(II) of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC

II.2.9. were sent to the place of loading in a sealed container in accordance with the requirements for the transport of embryos laid down in point 6 of Chapter III(II) of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC and bearing the number detailed in Box I.23.

(1) ☐ [II.2.10. the consignment consists of embryos of the ovine or caprine species which were conceived by artificial insemination (1)/as a result of in vitro fertilisation (1) using semen coming from semen collection centres approved (7) in accordance with:

(1) either ○ [II.2.10.1. Article 11(2) of Directive 92/65/EEC and located in Great Britain; and the semen complies with the requirements of Directive 92/65/EEC.]

(1)(8)or ○ [II.2.10.1. Article 17(3)(b) of Directive 92/65/EEC and located in a third country or part thereof as set out in a document relating to ‘ovine and caprine semen’ published on gov.uk, in accordance with Commission Decision 2010/472/EU, and the semen complies with the requirements set out in the relevant export health certificate, in the form published by the Secretary of State and amended from time to time.]

Notes

References to European Union legislation within this certificate are references to direct EU legislation which has been retained in Great Britain (retained EU law as defined in the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018) and can be viewed on the UK legislation website (legislation.gov.uk).

References to Great Britain in this certificate include Channel Islands and Isle of Man.

Part I:

Box reference I.6: Person responsible for the load in Great Britain: this box is to be filled in only if it is a certificate for transit commodity.

Box reference I.11: Place of origin shall correspond to the approved embryo collection team or embryo production team by which the ova/embryos were collected/produced, processed and stored; and listed in accordance with Article 17(3)(b) of Directive 92/65/EEC.

Box reference I.22: Number of packages shall correspond to the number of containers.

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Box reference I.23: Identification of container and seal number shall be indicated.

Box reference I.26: Fill in according to whether it is a transit or an import certificate.

Box reference I.27: Fill in according to whether it is a transit or an import certificate.

Box reference I.28: Species: Select amongst ‘Ovis aries’ or ‘Capra hircus’ as appropriate

Category: specify if in vivo derived embryos, in vivo derived ova, in vitro produced embryos or micromanipulated embryos.

Donor identity shall correspond to the official identification of the animal.

Date of collection shall be indicated for in vivo derived embryos and in the following format: dd.mm.yyyy.

Date of freezing shall be indicated in the following format: dd.mm.yyyy.

Approval number of the team: shall correspond to the approved embryo collection team or embryo production team by which the ova/embryos were collected/produced, processed and stored; and listed in accordance with Article 17(3)(b) of Directive 92/65/EEC.

Part II:

(1) Delete as appropriate.

(2) Only third countries or parts thereof as set out in a document relating to ‘ovine and caprine semen’ published on gov.uk, in accordance with Commission Decision 2010/472/EU.(8)

(3) Tests shall be carried out in accordance with Annex C to Directive 91/68/EEC.

(4) Only for the territory appearing with the entry ‘V’ in column 6 of a document relating to ‘live ungulates’ published on gov.uk, in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2010.(8)

(5) See remarks for exporting country or part thereof as set out in a document relating to ‘ovine and caprine ova and embryos’ published on gov.uk, in accordance with Decision 2010/472/EU.(8)

(6) Standards for EHD virus diagnostic tests are described in Chapter 2.1.3. of the WOAH (formerly OIE) Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals.

(7) Only approved semen collection centres listed in accordance with Article 11(4) and Article 17(3)(b) of Directive 92/65/EEC.

(8) Documents relating to ‘ovine and caprine semen’, ‘live ungulates’ and ‘ovine and caprine ova and embryos’ for EU and EFTA states published by the Secretary of State, with the consent of the Scottish and Welsh Ministers, may be found here:

EU and EFTA states approved to export animals and animal products to Great Britain - data.gov.uk

The signature and the stamp must be in a different colour to that of the printing.

Certifying Officer

Name (in capital letters)	Qualification and title
Date of signature	Signature
Stamp	