

Part I : Details of consignment	I.1. Consignor			I.2. IMSOC Reference		
	Name			I.2.a. Local Reference		
	Address					
	Country			ISO Code		
	I.5. Consignee			I.3. Central competent authority		
	Name			I.4. Local competent authority		
	Address					
	Country			ISO Code		
	I.7. Country of origin			I.9. Country of destination		
	ISO Code			ISO Code		
	I.8. Region of origin			I.10. Region of destination		
	Code					
	I.11. Place of Dispatch			I.12. Place of destination		
	Name			Name		
Address			Address			
Approval Number			Approval Number			
Country			Country			
ISO Code			ISO Code			
I.13. Place of Loading			I.14. Date and time of departure			
Name						
Address						
Approval Number						
Country						
ISO Code						
I.15. Means of Transport			I.16 Entry Point			
Mode	International transport document	Identification				
I.18. Transport conditions			I.17. Accompanying documents			
Ambient <input type="checkbox"/>			Commercial document reference			
			Date of issue			
			Country			
			Place of issue			
I.19. Container No / Seal No						
I.20. Certified as						
Registered equidae <input type="checkbox"/>						
I.21. For transit through a third country <input type="checkbox"/>			I.22. For transit through Member State(s) <input type="checkbox"/>			
Country	ISO Code		Country	ISO Code		
EU Exit Authority	BCP code					
EU Entry Authority	BCP code					
I.25. Total gross weight						
I.28. Description of consignment						
1. 01 LIVE ANIMALS						
0101 Live horses, asses, mules and hinnies						
Commodity	Species	Breed/Category	Identification number	Identification system		
Age			Gender			

Part II: Certification	II. Health information		
	<p>I, the undersigned official veterinarian, certify the following:</p> <p>II.1. (insert EU Member State or region of origin and transit on which the animal was resident in the last 90 days) has been officially recognised by the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE) as a country or zone free from African horse sickness (AHS) and no cases of dourine (<i>Trypanosoma equiperdum</i>) have been reported during the period of six months prior to export.</p> <p>II.2. During the last 90 days prior to loading, there has been no clinical evidence of the following diseases on the holdings on which the animal was resident and on the neighbouring holdings: equine infectious anaemia, equine encephalomyelitis (Eastern, Western and Venezuelan), vesicular stomatitis, rabies, glanders (<i>Burkholderia mallei</i>) and Japanese encephalitis.</p> <p>II.3. During the last 90 days prior to loading, there has been no clinical evidence of equine piroplasmosis (<i>Babesia caballi</i> and <i>Theileria equi</i>), surra (<i>Trypanosoma evansi</i>), equine influenza, equine viral arteritis, equine rhinopneumonitis or strangles (<i>Streptococcus equi</i>), on the holdings on which the animal was resident.</p> <p>II.4. The animal meets the following conditions:</p> <p>II.4.1. during the 30 days prior to loading it has not shown signs of diseases transmissible to equidae;</p> <p>II.4.2. it was subjected to an agar gel immunodiffusion test (Coggins test) or a cELISA for equine infectious anaemia carried out with negative result on a sample of blood taken during the last 30 days prior to loading(2);</p> <p>(1)either ○ [II.4.3. it comes from a country or part of the territory of a country in which Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis has not occurred during the last 2 years;]</p> <p>(1)or ○ [II.4.3. it comes from a country or part of the territory of a country in which cases of Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis have occurred during the past 2 years and was subjected to at least one of the serological tests described in the most recent edition of the OIE Terrestrial Manual, for the detection of antibodies against the circulating Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis virus(es), carried out with the required negative result(s) on a sample of blood taken during the last 30 days prior to loading(2);]</p> <p>II.4.4. it was vaccinated against equine influenza using an inactivated vaccine applied between 90 and 30 days prior to loading(3); ;(enter name of the product and date of vaccination)</p> <p>II.4.5. it was subjected to a complement fixation test or an ELISA for glanders (<i>Burkholderia mallei</i>) carried out with negative result at a serum dilution of 1 in 5 on a sample taken during the last 30 days prior to loading(2);</p> <p>(1)either ○ [II.4.6. it was vaccinated against equine rhinopneumonitis (equine herpes virus type I) not more than 12 months and at least 30 days prior to loading(3); (enter type of vaccine and date of vaccination)]</p> <p>(1)or ○ [II.4.6. it was subjected to a serum neutralisation test for equine rhinopneumonitis (equine herpes virus type I) with a result of no greater than 1:8]</p> <p>II.4.7. it was subjected to a complement fixation test for dourine at a dilution of 1 in 10 carried out with negative results on samples of blood taken within 21 days before export.</p> <p>II.4.8. it was subjected to an ELISA or indirect immunofluorescence test for the detection of antibodies against equine piroplasmosis (<i>Babesia caballi</i> and <i>Theileria equi</i>) carried out with negative result on a blood sample taken during the last 30 days prior to loading(2);</p> <p>(1)either ○ [II.4.10. it is an uncastrated male animal older than 2 years of age and was subjected to an agent identification test for contagious equine metritis (<i>Taylorella equigenitalis</i>) carried out on samples taken during the last 30 days prior to loading on two occasions not less than 7 days apart from the urethra, urethral fossa, urethral sinuses and from the prepuce or pre-ejaculate fluid;]</p> <p>(1)or ○ [II.4.10. it is a female animal older than 18 months of age and was subjected to an agent identification test for contagious equine metritis (<i>Taylorella equigenitalis</i>) carried out on samples taken during the last 30 days prior to loading on two occasions not less than 7 days apart from clitoral fossa and sinuses after prior washing of the perineum;]</p>		

Part II: Certification	II. Health information		
	(1)or	○ [II.4.10. it is an equine animal other than an female animal older than 18 months of age and an uncastrated male animal older than 2 years of age]	
	(1)or	○ [II.4.11. it is an uncastrated male equine animal and	
	(1)either	○ [was subjected to a serum neutralisation test for equine viral arteritis carried out with negative result at a serum dilution of 1 in 4 on a sample of blood taken during the last 21 days prior to loading(2);]	
	(1)or	○ [was subjected to an agent identification test for equine arteritis virus (virus isolation test or PCR) carried out with negative results in each case on semen collected during the last 21 days prior to loading on two occasions with an interval of not more than 21 days(2);]	
	(1)or	○ [is older than 2 years of age, was subjected to a serum neutralisation test for equine viral arteritis carried out with a certified negative result on a blood sample, was then immediately vaccinated and has been regularly revaccinated according to the recommendations of the manufacturer of the vaccine (enter type of vaccine and date of vaccination);]	
	(1)or	○ [is younger than 2 years of age and was at the age of 180 to 270 days vaccinated against equine arteritis virus and regularly revaccinated according to the recommendations of the manufacturer of the vaccine (enter type of vaccine and date of vaccination);]	
	II.4.12.	it was subjected to an equine IgM capture ELISA for West Nile Fever carried out with negative result at a serum dilution of 1/400 on a sample taken during the last 30 days prior to loading(2);	
	II.5.	The animal is transferred from the holding to the place of loading under the supervision of an official veterinarian who verifies that it takes place in cleaned and disinfected vehicles, without coming into contact with animals that were not intended for temporary export with them.	
	II.6.	Arrangements have been made to protect the health and the welfare of the animal during transport.	
II.7.	The animal was examined today and was found free of clinical signs of diseases transmissible to equidae.		
Notes			
Part I			
Box I.25.:Species: Select "Equus caballus".			
Identification mark: Specify the identification mark (i.e. tag, tattoos, brand, chip, transponder) and the anatomic place used in the animal;			
Identification number: Specify the identification number which shall clearly identify the equine animal and the issuing body which issued the identification document and shall be compatible with the universal equine life number (UELN);			
Age: Date of birth (dd/mm/yy).			
Sex (M = male, F = female, C = castrated).			
Part II			
(1)	Delete as appropriate.		
(2)	The required diagnostic tests must be carried out in officially recognised laboratories of the EU. The laboratory test report must be attached to this certificate and must state the results of the tests carried out and the techniques used.		
(3)	The animals must not be immunised with live-germ vaccines, except for vaccines against the herpes virus type I, where applicable.		
· The signature and the stamp must be in a different colour to that of the printing.			
· The certificate must be issued in Spanish and in the language of the EU Member State of origin.			
Certifying Officer			
Name (in capital letters)		Qualification and title	
Date of signature		Signature	
Stamp			